





# "Capacity Building on Trauma Administrative Management for Trauma Medical Directors and Trauma Nurse Coordinators in Southeast Asia Region"

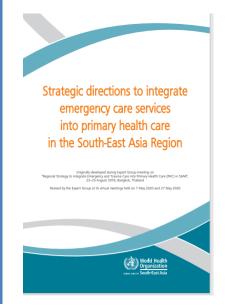
Dr Tashi Tobgay,
Technical Officer, DPR-HPN, WHO SEARO







Strategic directions to integrate emergency care services into primary health care in the South-East Asia Region: 2020



Source: Strategic directions to integrate emergency care services into primary health care in the South-East Asia Region (who.int)

International Online Training

" Capacity Building on Trauma Administrative Management for
Trauma Medical Directors and Trauma Nurse Coordinators in Southeast Asia Region"







#### SEARO strategies in Trauma and Emergency Care of the region

- ✓ Background
- ✓ Vision
- ✓ Guiding Principles
- ✓ Strategic Directions
- ✓ Implementation approaches







### Background: WHO-SEA REGION

- Committed to building a better, healthier future for the nearly two billion people in the Region,
- 11 Member States





WHA72.16

28 May 2019





Emergency care systems for universal health coverage: ensuring timely care for the acutely ill and injured

#### **Member States (Key points)**

Agenda item 12.9

-Create policies for sustainable funding, effective governance

SEVENTY-SECOND WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY

- -conduct surveys to identify gaps for emergency
- -Inclusion of routine prehospital and hospital emergency unit care into health strategies
- -to promote more coherent and inclusive approaches to safeguard effective emergency care
- -promote health facilities with dedicated emergency care unit and supplies
- -Promote access to timely hospital care to all e,g toll-free
- -Use of WHO protocols and checklist
- -promote health workers training
- -Increasing awareness and capacity of communities
- -Promote standardized data collection

### **Director General (Key** points)

- -provide necessary technical guidance and support
- -Foster multisectoral network and partnership
- -promote equitable and nondiscriminatory access to safe, quality emergency care services
- -Support policy-making, administrative and clinical capacity
- -strengthen the evidence base for emergency care
- -facilitate awareness and international and domestic resource mobilization

#### international Unline Training

" Capacity Building on Trauma Administrative Management for Trauma Medical Directors and Trauma Nurse Coordinators in Southeast Asia Region "

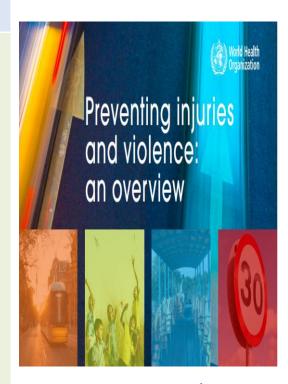






### Globally

- Injuries due to both unintentional causes and violence – took the lives of 4.4 million people around the world in 2019 and constitute 8% of all deaths
- For people age 5–29 years, 3 of the top 5 causes of death are injuryrelated, namely road traffic injuries, homicide and suicide

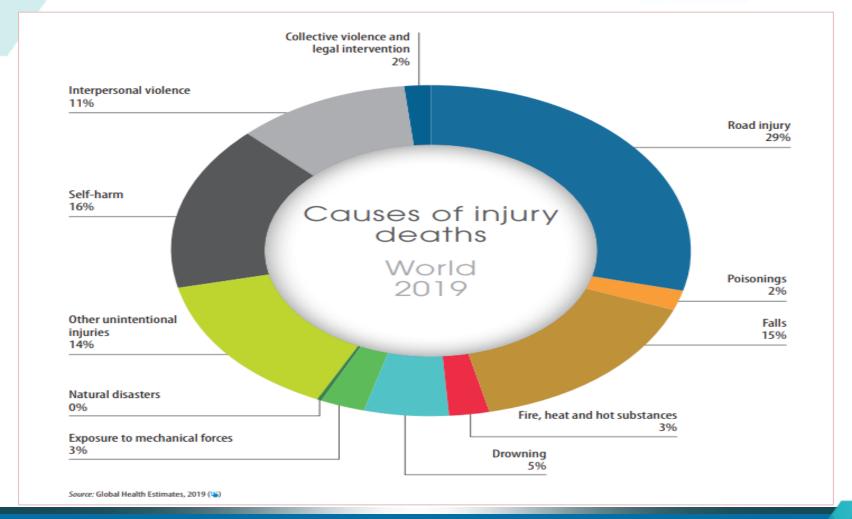


Preventing injuries and violence: an overview (who.int)









International Online Training
" Capacity Building on Trauma Administrative Management for
Trauma Medical Directors and Trauma Nurse Coordinators in Southeast Asia Region"





# Current status of ECS in the SEA Region in PHC level

- Many SEA Region countries are beginning to recognize the importance of integrated ECS at all levels of care
- Over 50% of trauma patients in the SEA Region countries are reported to have died before reaching a hospital
- Pre-hospital care is largely comprised of uncoordinated transportation of patients to hospitals and that, too, by untrained, or semi trained staff. Less than 20% of these patients were transported by ambulance
- Often ambulance staff, too, are untrained in emergency care and perform only the functions of drivers and attendants
- The availability of well-trained first responders and bystander care, too, is severely limited. Similar gaps exist in facility-based emergency care too







### ECS and universal health coverage

- Access to emergency care and people-centred care delivery at all levels of health care, is essential for universal health coverage
- Member States in the SEA Region need to design and integrate an effective ECS in PHC level, but with strong linkages and referral systems to other levels.
- Integration of ECS, starting with the PHC and then carried through all levels of care, will serve to promote equity







# Strategic directions and actions for the integration of ECS in PHC in the SEA R

- Guiding Principles
  - All people in the SEA Region should receive evidence-based, timely, life-saving, free-of-cost emergency care.
  - Emergency care should have free and smooth transition from primary to secondary, or, tertiary levels







# Strategic directions for Member States in the SEA Region

- 1. Government stewardship and political advocacy for emergency care.
- 2. National health policies and planning focused on integrated ECS
- 3. Strengthening resources and the adoption of best practices and low-cost, high-yield policies in integrated ECS.
- 4. Generating evidence for planning and policies
- 5. Fostering partnerships at all levels
- 6. Data-driven ECS
- 7. Promoting ethical values and human rights principles







### 1. Government stewardship and political advocacy for emergency care

- Advocating for responsive and vigilant ECS
- Enhancing quality of existing ECS
- Creating a lead agency e.g National body
- Ensuring free access to emergency care at all levels
- Strengthening monitoring and accountability systems
- Allowing private-public partnership
- Greater us of IT and telemedicine
- Strengthen HR







# 2. National health policies and planning focused on integrated ECS

- Provide adequate funding
- Emergency care should be integrated within the PHC system
- Mobilizing adequate funding







- 3. Strengthening resources and the adoption of best practices and low-cost, high-yield policies in integrated ECS
- Pre-hospital coordination mechanism (reducing time, strengthening communication, ambulance, leveraging technology)
- Strengthening Facility bases (Care, integrated information systems etc)
- Human resource development (Conduct gap analysis, recruitment, training and competency)
- Training of services delivery ( Developing protocols , strengthen community emergency,
- Using WHO-tools to improve ECS







#### 4. Generating evidence for planning and policies

- Developing and creating accountability systems
- Develop key performance indicators
- Linking funding to performance
- Bring together multiple professional groups as team work







### 5. Fostering partnerships at all levels

- Improving the synergies between existing services and systems
- Fostering partnerships with other agencies including private, NGO and individuals







### 6. Data-driven ECS

- Establishing ED surveillance and registry systems;
- Utilizing quality improvement methodology to improve emergency care;
- Streamlined emergency data collection and analysis.







# 7. Promoting ethical values and human rights principles:

- Right to emergency care by all
- Fragmentation creates inequities, while integration facilitates the preservation of equity for human rights in the most practical manner.







## Strategic Actions for Member States in the SEA Region

- 1. Designate a lead government agency at national level to coordinate integrated ECS at all levels
- 2. Characterize the current state of ECS in the Member States
- 3. Ensure universal access to free ECS
- 4. Protect funding for ECS
- 5. Ensure an organized, disseminated and coordinated system that meets population needs
- 6. Collect standardized emergency care data and integrate into existing health information systems to facilitate system planning, resource allocation and quality improvement activities:
- 7. Ensure high-quality emergency care delivery in public and private settings
- 8. Develop key components of pre-hospital ECS:
- 9. Strengthen emergency care training across the health system
- 10. Ensure disaster preparedness and biohazard planning
- 11. Learn from research and autopsies in the SEA Region







#### Four Step Process of ECS integration

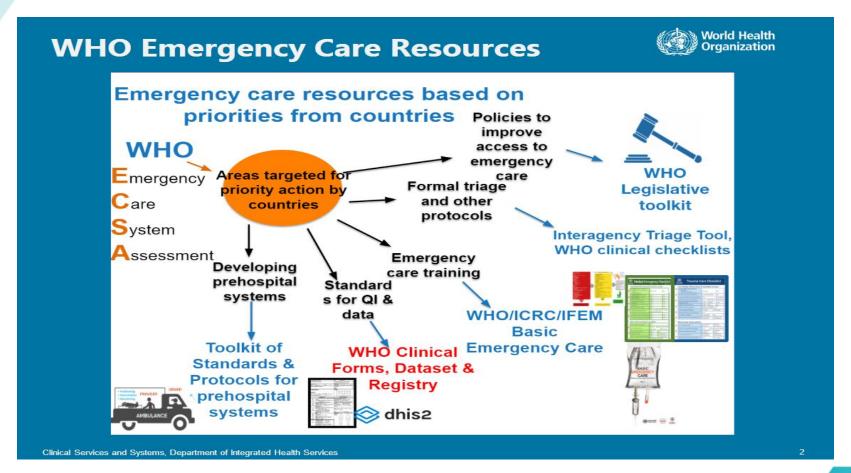
- 1. Current situational analysis
- 2. Develop a strategic plan
- 3. Establish monitoring and evaluation processes
- 4. Implementation







#### WHO TOOLS



**International Online Training** 

" Capacity Building on Trauma Administrative Management for Trauma Medical Directors and Trauma Nurse Coordinators in Southeast Asia Region"







#### References and Links to WHO tools and references

- 1. <u>Strategic directions to integrate emergency care services into primary health care in the South-East Asia Region (who.int)</u>
- 2. <u>Emergency care systems for universal health coverage: ensuring timely care for the acutely ill and injured (who.int)</u>
- Emergency and trauma care (who.int)
- 4. Suite of health service capacity assessments in the context of the COVID-19 pandemic (who.int)
- 5. WHO-ICRC Basic Emergency Care: approach to the acutely ill and injured
- 6. WHO Trauma Care Checklist
- 7. WHO Standardized Clinical Form
- 8. Resuscitation Area Designation Tool (who.int)
- 9. WHO International registry for trauma and emergency care
- 10. Guidelines for trauma quality improvement programmes (who.int)







# THANKYOU